

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
WESTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
)
)
Plaintiff,)
v.) PETITION TO ENTER
)
) PLEA OF GUILTY
SANTIAGO MOLINA-NOLASCO,)
)
Defendant.) CASE NO. CR-08-280-HE

The defendant states to the Court that the defendant wants to enter a plea of GUILTY to the following counts of the Indictment or Information: Illegal re-entry into the U.S.
after being convicted of an aggravated felony

In connection with this plea of GUILTY, I, Santiago Molina-Nolasco, the defendant in this case, inform the Court, under penalty of perjury, that I have discussed these matters with my attorney and the answers to the following questions are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. BACKGROUND QUESTIONS

Before the Court can accept your plea of guilty, it is necessary that the Court has certain background information about you and this case. The questions in this section are asked for this purpose.

1. (a) What is your name? Santiago Molina-Nolasco
- (b) What is your age? 30 years old
2. Are you currently employed? Yes No
If yes, what is the name, address and telephone number of your employer?

3. How much education have you had? 6th Grade

4. Have you ever received medical care or treatment for drug addiction and/or alcohol abuse? Yes No

[If so, please prepare a separate list of the dates and places of treatment, and be prepared to submit the list to the judge at the hearing on the Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty.]

5. Have you ever received medical care or treatment for a mental or emotional condition? Yes No

[If so, please prepare a separate list of the dates and places of treatment, and be prepared to submit the list to the judge at the hearing on the Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty.]

6. (a) Have you consumed any drug, alcohol or medication that is now impairing your ability to think clearly or to understand and answer the questions in this Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty? Yes No

- (b) Are there any medications prescribed for you that you are not now taking as directed? Yes No

If yes, does the fact that you are not taking the medication as directed impair your ability to think clearly or to understand and answer the questions in this Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty? Yes No

7. If an attorney is now representing you in this case, what is your attorney's name?

Michael Johnson / Cesar Armenta

8. If you have an attorney, have you had enough time to talk with your attorney about your case? Yes No

9. If you have an attorney, have you told your attorney everything you know about your case? Yes No

10. If you have an attorney, are you satisfied with the services your attorney has provided for you? Yes No

11. Do you understand the charge(s) against you? Yes No

B. CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS - WAIVERS

Before the Court can accept your plea of guilty, it is important that you understand that you will be giving up many valuable constitutional rights by entering a plea of guilty. The questions in this section are designed to inform you of those rights.

12. Do you understand you have a right to plead NOT GUILTY to every charge filed against you? Yes No
13. Do you understand if you plead NOT GUILTY you have the following constitutional rights:
- (a) the right to a speedy and public trial by jury?
Yes No
 - (b) the right to counsel at all stages of the proceedings, and that if you cannot afford to pay a lawyer, one will be appointed to represent you? Yes No
 - (c) the right to see and hear all witnesses called to testify against you and the right to cross-examine them? Yes No
 - (d) the right to use the subpoena power of the Court to compel the attendance of witnesses at trial and the production of other forms of evidence? Yes No
 - (e) the right not to be compelled to incriminate yourself by taking the witness stand; and that if you do not take the witness stand, no inference of guilt may be drawn from your failure to do so?
Yes No
 - (f) the right to be presumed innocent until the government has proved you guilty beyond a reasonable doubt by the unanimous agreement of all twelve of the jury members?
Yes No
14. Do you understand if you plead GUILTY you will be found guilty without a trial and you will have given up all of the above rights? Yes No

15. Do you understand if you plead GUILTY to a felony offense this may deprive you of valuable civil rights including the right to vote, the right to hold public office, the right to serve on a jury, the right to possess any kind of firearm, destructive device or ammunition, and may make you ineligible for certain government benefits?

Yes No

16. Do you understand that if you are not a U.S. citizen and you plead guilty to certain offenses, you may be subject to deportation or other immigration consequences?

Yes No Inapplicable

C. SENTENCING - GENERAL

Before the Court can accept your plea of guilty, it is important that you understand certain aspects of the sentencing process. The questions in this section are designed for that purpose.

17. Do you realize if you plead GUILTY the maximum statutory sentence the judge may impose remains the same as if you had pled NOT GUILTY and had been convicted by a jury? Yes No

18. Do you know the sentence you will receive is solely a matter for the judge to decide?
Yes No

19. (a) What is the maximum sentence the law provides for the offense(s) to which you want to plead GUILTY? _____

Not more than 20 years imprisonment, a fine of not more than \$250,000, Supervised release for not more than three (3) years, and a Special Assessment of \$100.00

- (b) Is there a minimum mandatory sentence the law provides for the offense(s) to which you want to plead GUILTY? Yes No If yes, what is it? _____

- (c) For certain offenses a term of supervised release must be imposed to be served after the person is released from a term of imprisonment. Is there a mandatory term of supervised release for the offense(s) to which you want to plead GUILTY? Yes No X If yes, what is the maximum mandatory term?

For all other offenses, the judge may, in the judge's discretion, impose a term of supervised release to be served following the person's release from imprisonment. What is the maximum term of supervised release that could be imposed in this case? Three years

What is the maximum term of imprisonment that could be imposed if your supervised release were revoked? Two years

- (d) Will you be forfeiting any property to the United States as a result of your guilty plea? Yes No X If yes, what property?

20. If you plead GUILTY, the judge may require you to make restitution to any victim of the offense [18 U.S.C. §§ 3663 and 3664]. If you plead GUILTY to an offense that occurred on or after April 24, 1996, and the offense falls into certain categories of offenses, including property offenses and crimes of violence, ordinarily the judge is required to order you to pay restitution to any victim of the offense [18 U.S.C. § 3663A]. Do you understand all of this? Yes No
21. The judge must impose a special assessment for each count to which you enter a plea of guilty. The amount of the special assessment depends on whether the offense is a felony or a misdemeanor [18 U.S.C. § 3013]. In your case, taking into account each offense to which you want to plead guilty, the total amount of special assessment is \$ 100. Do you understand this? Yes No

22. If you are on probation or parole in this or any other court, do you know that by pleading GUILTY here your probation or parole may be revoked and you may be required to serve a sentence as a result of that revocation in addition to any sentence imposed upon you in this case? Yes No
23. Do you understand that in certain circumstances a federal judge may order a federal sentence of imprisonment to run at the same time as a state sentence of imprisonment? Yes No
24. Do you understand if you are convicted of a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(c), the term of imprisonment imposed for that conviction cannot be served concurrently with any other term of imprisonment? Yes No

D. SENTENCING GUIDELINES AND OTHER SENTENCING CONSIDERATIONS

25. In determining an appropriate sentence for a federal crime, the judge must consider the Sentencing Guidelines developed by the United States Sentencing Commission. The Sentencing Guidelines are advisory in nature, not mandatory. The judge must consider imposing a sentence within the range established by the Sentencing Guidelines, but the judge may impose a sentence either above or below that range. Do you understand this? Yes No
26. In calculating the range of sentence under the advisory Sentencing Guidelines, the judge will take into account all conduct, circumstances, and injuries associated with your criminal conduct, whether or not this conduct is formally charged by the government. The judge will consider all relevant conduct at the time of sentencing even though you are pleading guilty to fewer than all counts in the Indictment or Information. Do you understand this?
Yes No
27. Also, there is no limitation placed on the information the judge can consider at the time of sentencing concerning your background, character, and conduct so long as the information is reliable. The judge will take all of these factors into consideration in determining an appropriate sentence. Do you understand this? Yes No

28. If the judge orders a presentence investigation, a U.S. Probation Officer will be assigned to conduct a thorough investigation and prepare a presentence report for the judge's use. Do you understand that if you lie to the U.S. Probation Officer, or if you cause others to lie on your behalf, this can be considered by the judge and may increase the range of sentence calculated under the advisory Sentencing Guidelines? Yes No
29. Your history of prior criminal convictions will be used to compute your Criminal History Category under the Sentencing Guidelines. If you have prior felony convictions which were imposed or for which you have served time within the past 15 years, your Criminal History Category may be increased. Similarly, if you have received misdemeanor convictions within the past 10 years, your Criminal History Category may be increased. Certain exceptions may apply in your case that would exclude a conviction from the Criminal History Category computation. Nonetheless, do you understand your prior criminal history has a direct impact on the calculation of the sentencing range under the advisory Sentencing Guidelines? Yes No
30. Do you understand if you committed the present offense(s) while you were on probation, parole, supervised release, or escape status, or within two years after being released from prison, this will increase the number of points assessed in your criminal history computation. If this increases your Criminal History Category, do you understand it may increase the range of sentence calculated under the advisory Sentencing Guidelines? Yes No
31. Do you understand if this offense is a crime of violence or a drug trafficking offense, and if you have two prior felony convictions of either a crime of violence or a drug trafficking offense, you could be sentenced as a career criminal offender which would increase the sentence you receive? Yes No
32. The maximum sentence for the offense(s) to which you want to plead guilty is the statutory maximum set out in ¶¶ 19, 20 and 21 above. Do you understand this? Yes No
33. In certain cases, the law requires the judge to impose a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment. Before the judge may impose a sentence below a mandatory minimum term, the United States Attorney must file a motion recommending a lesser sentence. The United States Attorney has the discretion to file such a motion if the person provides substantial assistance in the investigation or prosecution of another person. Do you understand this? Yes No Inapplicable

34. If you cooperate and provide substantial assistance to investigating authorities, the United States Attorney has the discretion to file a motion requesting that the judge impose a sentence below the range of sentence calculated under the advisory Sentencing Guidelines. Do you understand this?
Yes No
35. Parole is not available in the federal system. If you are sentenced to a term of imprisonment, you will serve the entire time imposed (less any earned good time credits that may be applied to reduce the amount of time you actually serve). The maximum amount of credit you may receive against your sentence will be determined by the Bureau of Prisons and is limited by statute [18 U.S.C. § 3624]. Do you understand this? Yes No
36. If at least one year of imprisonment is ordered in your case, the judge may also impose a term of supervised release, which you will begin serving after you are released from custody. For certain offenses, a term of supervised release is mandatory. During any term of supervised release, you will be subject to conditions that will include refraining from any additional violations of local, state or federal law, reporting requirements, travel and residence restrictions, and testing for controlled substance use. If you violate the conditions of your supervised release, the judge may revoke your supervised release and sentence you to an additional term of imprisonment. This additional term of imprisonment would be served without credit for the time you successfully spent on supervised release. Do you understand this?
Yes No
37. In some circumstances, the judge may decide that your case warrants imposing a sentence with conditions other than incarceration for the full term of the sentence. Options available to the judge include probation, home confinement, community confinement, electronic monitoring, intermittent confinement, or a combination of any of these. Do you understand this? Yes No
38. If you plead guilty to a federal sex offense, you may be subject to state laws requiring the registration of sex offenders. Do you understand this? Yes No

E. VOLUNTARY NATURE OF PLEA

39. Are your plea(s) of GUILTY and the waivers of your rights made voluntarily and completely of your own free choice, free of any force or threats or pressures from anyone? Yes No

40. (a) Have you entered into a plea agreement with the government?

Yes No

(b) If so, what is that agreement, as you understand it? _____

(c) What are your reasons for making that agreement? *To move on with
my life and go live with my family in Honduras.*

(d) If your plea of GUILTY involves a plea agreement, do you understand that the judge can reject the plea agreement after completion of the presentence investigation if the judge finds that the plea agreement is not in the interests of justice? Yes No

41. Has any promise been made by anyone that causes you to plead GUILTY aside from the plea agreement, if any, set out in your answer to question 40? Yes No
If yes, what promise has been made and by whom? _____

42. (a) Has any officer, attorney or agent of any branch of government (federal, state or local) promised or predicted that you will receive a lighter sentence, or probation, or any other form of leniency if you plead GUILTY?
Yes No

(b) Do you understand no one has any authority to make any such promise or prediction on your sentence because the matter of sentencing is exclusively within the control of the judge and no one else? Yes No

43. Has the judge made any suggestion as to what the actual sentence will be?
Yes No

44. Are you pleading GUILTY for any reason other than the fact that you are guilty?
Yes No

45. Is there any other information or advice that you want before you enter a plea?
Yes No

F. CONCLUSION/FACTUAL BASIS

46. Has your attorney reviewed and discussed with you all of these questions and your answers to them?
Yes No

47. Do you understand all of these questions? Yes No
If not, which questions do you not understand? _____

48. (a) Do you now want to plead GUILTY? Yes No

- (b) Are you GUILTY? Yes No

49. State what you did to commit the offense(s) to which you are now pleading GUILTY?

I entered the country illegally after a conviction for an aggravated felony and after previously being deported twice, on June 7, 2000 and August 19, 2003.

I understand that if I have knowingly and intentionally made any false answers in this Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty, my answers may be used against me in another prosecution for perjury or making a false statement.

Signed by me and affirmed to be true under penalty of perjury in the presence of my attorney on this 5 day of January, 2009

Santiago Molina
Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF DEFENSE COUNSEL

I, as attorney for the defendant, Santiago Molina-Nolasco, hereby certify:

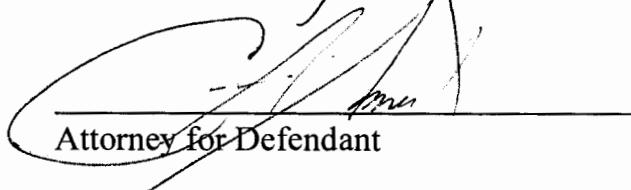
1. I have read and fully explained to the defendant the allegations contained in the Indictment or Information in this case.

2. To the best of my knowledge and belief the statements, representations, and declarations made by the defendant in this Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty are in all respects accurate and true.

3. The plea of guilty offered by the defendant to Count(s) 1 accords with my understanding of the facts the defendant has related to me, is consistent with my advice to the defendant, and in my opinion is knowingly and voluntarily made.

4. I assure the Court that I have advised the defendant about the applicable sentencing procedures, including procedures under the Sentencing Guidelines, and I have explained to the defendant the potential consequences of a plea of guilty in light of the questions and concerns set forth in Sections C and D of this Petition.

Signed by me in the presence of the defendant and after full discussion of the contents of this certificate with the defendant, this 5 day of January, 2009.



Attorney for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

As attorney for the government, I hereby certify:

1. I have read and fully discussed with defense counsel the allegations contained in the Indictment or Information in this case.

* 2. I have also reviewed this Petition to Enter Plea of Guilty and find it to be in accordance with my knowledge of the defendant and this case.

3. In my judgment, acceptance of the defendant's plea(s) of guilty to the charge(s) in question will not undermine the statutory purposes of sentencing.

Signed by me this 7 day of January, 2009.



Attorney for the Government